

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION	
PRODUCT CODE	GDG-1L
PRODUCT USE	STONE & CONCRETE DEGREASER
COMPANY NAME	OZITO INDUSTRIES PTY LTD / GERNI
COMPANY ADDRESS	25 FOX DRIVE, DANDENONG SOUTH, VIC 3175
COMPANY TELEPHONE	1800 069 486
ABN	17050731756
CREATION DATE	Nov-22
REVISION DATE	-
VERSION NO	1
EMERGENCY PHONE	13 1126 (Australia)

#### SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

POISONS SCHEDULE

S5 (alkaline salts)

#### DANGEROUS GOODS

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

#### **GHS CLASSIFICATION**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Eye Irritation Category 2

Skin Irritation Category 2

Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

## PICTOGRAM (S)

Exclamation mark - GHS07



#### SIGNAL WORD (S)

#### WARNING

#### HAZARD STATEMENT (S)

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT (S): GENERAL

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT (S): PREVENTION

P264 - Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection/face protection/protective gloves.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT (S): RESPONSE

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P321 - Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on this label).

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.



P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT (S): STORAGE

None allocated.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT (S): DISPOSAL

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied. When diluted to 1:10 or greater they no longer apply.

However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
INGREDIENTS	CAS NUMBER	PROPORTION	
Triethanolamine sulfonate	27323-41-7	<10% w/w	
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	< 10% w/w	
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	< 0.5% w/w	
C12-C15 alcohol ethoxylate	68131-39-5	<2% w/w	
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous at concentrations present, including water.	Various	Balance to 100%	

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS7). Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

#### **SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

INHALATION

Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.

**INGESTION** 

Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek immediate medical advice (e.g. doctor).

#### SKIN CONTACT

Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

ADVICE TO DOCTOR

Treat symptomatically.

FIRST AID FACILITIES

Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

#### **SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Non-flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material may burn.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA



Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use carbon dioxide (CO2) fire extinguisher, water fog, foam or fine water spray.

#### FIRE FIGHTING

Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.

## SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. Rinse with water.

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. Wear appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area down with excess water. If required, neutralize with acid (citric/acetic). If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.

#### **SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

#### CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Store in a cool dry well-ventilated area. Store away from oxidising agents and acids. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer.

#### SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS**

National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety Commission:

Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product.

Potassium hydroxide: PEAK LIMITATION 2 mg/m3 Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether: 20ppm, (96.9 mg/m3)

Triethanolamine 5mg/m3

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether: 50 ppm, (242 mg/m3)

## APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS

This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.





**Hand protection:** Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.



**Body Protection:** Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.





**Respirator:** If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
PHYSICAL STATE	Non-viscous liquid	
COLOUR	Green	
ODOUR	Characteristic odour	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.02 – 1.04 @ 25 °C	
FREEZING POINT	Approximately 0 °C	
BOILING POINT	Approximately 100 °C	
FLASH POINT	Not flammable	
рН	11.0 – 11.5 neat	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Miscible in all proportions	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	<10 % v/v	
Percent Volatile	Ca 80 % v/v	

#### **SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

REACTIVITY

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reacts vigorously with acids.

**INCOMPATIBILITIES** 

ACIDS: violent reaction can occur, yielding heat and pressure, which can burst an enclosed container. Reacts slowly with ambient air (particularly carbon dioxide), which may cause certain insoluble salts top form in solutions. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.

## SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: **Ingestion:** Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, chemical burns of the mouth, throat & abdomen. This

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product containing ethylene glycol mono butyl ether may cause headache, dizziness, light-headedness, confusion, and passing out, and may damage the liver and kidneys on ingestion.

**Inhalation:** Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation. Exposure to high concentrations of the product in liquid form or as a mist may lead to possible harmful effects - aerosols of this product containing ingredient ethylene glycol monobutyl ether may cause central nervous system effects if inhaled.

**Skin contact:** Skin contact with concentrate may cause irritation. Irritation will continue until removed. Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure.

**Eye contact:** Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, blurring, tearing.

**Chronic effects:** Prolonged and repeated skin contact with diluted solutions may induce eczematoid dermatitis. Development of a defatting dermatitis on prolonged contact with potassium hydroxide has been reported.

Toxicology information: Not classified as 'Toxic'. Oral LD50 (ATE calculated): >3,500 mg/kg body weight.

CARCINOGEN STATUS

NOHSC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Respiratory sensitisation: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitisation:** Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Reproductive toxicity: Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

**STOT-single exposure:** Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT-repeated exposure: Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard

### SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY PRODUCT (AS SOLD)

Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life. (LC50 >10 mg/L but < 100mg/L)

Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50: 30 - 55 mg/L.

ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY PRODUCT (AS DILUTED AND RINSED 1:100)

Acute Aquatic Toxicity - NOT HAZARDOUS

Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50: 3,000 - 5,500 mg/L.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Readily biodegradable, based on ingredients.

**BIO ACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL** 

No bioaccumulation is expected.

MOBILITY IN SOIL

Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to the aquatic compartment.

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION** 

Do not discharge this material into waterways.

## SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.



## **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods.

### **SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

GHS CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Eye Irritation Category 2

Skin Irritation Category 2

Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

SUSMP

S5 (alkaline salts)

AICS

All ingredients present on AICS

ECHA – European Chemicals Agency

DISCLAIMER

All ingredients present on AICS.		
SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION		
CREATION DATE	Nov-22	
REVISION DATE	-	
VERSION NO	1	
REASON FOR REVISION		
Initial creation		
ABBREVIATIONS		
ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail		
AICS: Australian Inventory of Chen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number		
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals		
HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services		
HSIS: Hazardous Substances Inforr	nation System	
IARC: International Agency for Res	earch on Cancer	
NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission		
NTP: National Toxicology Program	(USA)	
SDS: Safety Data Sheet		
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit		
SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
TWA: Time Weighted Average		
<b>UN Number:</b> United Nations Numl	per	
LITERATURE REFERENCES		
Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice ( Safe Work Australia)		
GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)		
Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations		
Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)		
"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia		
Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail		
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers		
HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base		

This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this



product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.

**END of SDS**